

AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

THE BELGO-LUXEMBURG ECONOMIC UNION

AND

THE MACEDONIAN GOVERNMENT

ON THE RECIPROCAL PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF INVESTMENTS

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THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT,
acting in its own name and in the name of
the Government of the Grand-Duchy of Luxemburg, by virtue of existing agreements,
the Walloon Government,
the Flemish Government,
and the Government of the Region of Brussels-Capital, on the one hand,

and

THE MACEDONIAN GOVERNMENT, on the other hand,

(hereinafter referred to as “the Contracting Parties”),

DESIRING to strengthen their economic cooperation by creating favourable conditions for investments by nationals of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party,

HAVE agreed as follows :

ARTICLE 1

Definitions

For the purpose of this Agreement,

1. The term “investments” shall mean any kind of assets and any direct or indirect contribution invested or reinvested in any sector of economic activity by investors of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party, in accordance with the laws and regulations of the host Country.

The following shall more particularly, though not exclusively, be considered as investments for the purpose of this Agreement :

- a) movable and immovable property as well as any other rights in rem, such as mortgages, liens, pledges, usufruct and similar rights ;
- b) shares and any other kind of shareholdings, including minority or indirect ones, in companies constituted in the territory of one Contracting Party ;
- c) bonds, claims to money and to any performance having an economic value ;
- d) copyrights, industrial property rights, technical processes, trade names, good-will and know-how ;
- e) concessions granted under public law or under contract, including concessions to explore, develop, extract or exploit natural resources.

Changes in the legal form of investments (invested or reinvested) shall not affect their designation as “investments” for the purpose of this Agreement.

2. The term “investors” shall mean any national or company of one Contracting Party which invests in the territory of the other Contracting Party.
 - a) The term “nationals” refers to any natural person who, according to the respective legislations of each State Party to the Agreement is considered as its citizen.
 - b) The term “companies” refers to any legal person constituted in accordance with the respective legislations of each State Party to the Agreement and having its registered office in that State.
3. The term “incomes” shall mean the proceeds of an investment and shall include in particular, though not exclusively, profits, interests, capital increases, dividends, royalties and payments connected with the investments.
4. The term “territory” shall mean for each State Party to this Agreement the land, water and air space over which it exercises, in accordance with the general rules of international law, its sovereign rights and its jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 2

Promotion of investments

1. Each Contracting Party shall promote investments in its territory by investors of the other Contracting Party and shall accept such investments in accordance with its legislation.
2. In particular, each Contracting Party shall authorize the conclusion and the fulfillment of licence contracts and commercial, administrative or technical assistance agreements, as far as these activities are in connection with such investments. Each Contracting Party shall, whenever needed, endeavor to issue the necessary authorizations concerning the activities of consultants and other qualified persons, of the nationality of the other Contracting Party, employed by investors.
3. Upon request by either Contracting Party, information shall be exchanged on the impact that the laws, regulations, decisions, administrative practices or procedures or policies of the other Contracting Party may have on investments covered by this Agreement.

ARTICLE 3

Protection and treatment of investments

1. All investments, whether direct or indirect, made by investors of one Contracting Party shall enjoy a fair and equitable treatment in the territory of the other Contracting Party.
2. Except for measures required to maintain public order, such investments shall enjoy continuous protection and security, i.e. excluding any unjustified or discriminatory measure which could hinder, either in law or in practice, the management, maintenance, use, possession or liquidation thereof.
3. The treatment and the protection referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall at least be equal to those enjoyed by domestic investors or by investors of a third State and shall in no case be less favourable than those recognized under international law.
4. However, such treatment and protection shall not cover the privileges granted by one Contracting Party to the investors of a third State pursuant to its participation in or association with a free trade zone, a customs union, a common market or any other form of regional economic organization.
5. The treatment and protection also shall not cover the privileges deriving from a convention on avoidance of double taxation.

ARTICLE 4

Most favoured Nation

In all matters relating to the treatment of investments, the investors of each Contracting Party shall enjoy most -favoured- nation treatment in the territory of the other Party.

ARTICLE 5

Deprivation and limitation of ownership

1. Each Contracting Party undertakes not to adopt any measure of expropriation or nationalization or any other measure having the effect of directly or indirectly dispossessing the investors of the other Contracting Party of their investments in its territory.
2. If reasons of public purpose, security or national interest require a derogation from the provisions of paragraph 1, the following conditions shall be complied with :
 - a) **the** measures shall be taken under due process of law ;
 - b) the measures shall be neither discriminatory, nor contrary to any specific commitments ;
 - c) the measures shall be accompanied by provisions for the payment of an adequate and effective compensation.
3. Such compensation shall amount to the actual value of the investments on the day before the measures were taken or became public.

Such compensation shall be paid in the currency of the State of which the investor is a national or in any other convertible currency. It shall be paid without undue delay and shall be freely transferable. It shall bear interest calculated at annual LIBOR base from the date of the determination of its amount until the date of its payment.

4. Investors of one Contracting Party whose investments suffer losses owing to war or other armed conflict, revolution, a state of national emergency or revolt in the territory of the other Contracting Party shall be granted by the latter Contracting Party a treatment, as regards restitution, indemnification, compensation or other settlement, at least equal to that which the latter Contracting Party grants to the domestic investors or to the investors of the most favoured nation.
5. In respect of matters dealt with in this Article, each Contracting Party shall grant to the investors of the other Contracting Party a treatment which shall at least be equal to that granted in its territory to the domestic investors or to investors of the most favoured nation. This treatment shall in no case be less favourable than that recognized under international law.

ARTICLE 6

Transfers

1. Each Contracting Party shall grant to investors of the other Contracting Party the free transfer in and out of its territory of all payments relating to an investment, including more particularly :
 - a) amounts necessary for establishing, maintaining or expanding the investment ;

- b) amounts necessary for payments under a contract, including amounts necessary for repayment of loans, royalties and other payments resulting from licences, franchises, concessions and other similar rights, as well as salaries of expatriate personnel ;
 - c) proceeds from investments ;
 - d) proceeds from the total or partial liquidation of investments, including capital gains or increases in the invested capital ;
 - e) compensation paid pursuant to Article 5.
2. The nationals of the States Parties to the Agreement who have been authorized to work in the territory of the other Contracting Party in connection with an investment shall also be permitted to transfer an appropriate portion of their earnings to their country of origin.
 3. Transfers shall be made in a freely convertible currency at the rate applicable on the day transfers are made to cash transactions in the currency used, in accordance with the legislation of the host Country.
 4. Each Contracting Party shall issue the authorizations required to ensure that the transfers can be made without undue delay, with no other expenses than the usual taxes and costs.
 5. The guarantees referred to in this Article shall at least be equal to those granted to the investors of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE 7

Subrogation

1. If one Contracting Party or any public institution of this Party pays compensation to its own investors pursuant to a guarantee providing coverage for an investment, the other Contracting Party shall recognize that the former Contracting Party or the public institution concerned is subrogated into the rights of the investors.
2. As far as the transferred rights are concerned, the other Contracting Party shall be entitled to invoke against the insurer who is subrogated into the rights of the indemnified investors the obligations of the latter under law or contract.

ARTICLE 8

Applicable regulations

If an issue relating to investments is covered both by this Agreement and by the legislation of one Contracting Party or by international conventions, existing or to be subscribed to by the Parties in the future, the investors of the other Contracting Party shall be entitled to avail themselves of the provisions that are the most favourable to them.

ARTICLE 9

Specific agreements

1. Investments made pursuant to a specific agreement concluded between one Contracting Party **and** investors of the other Party shall be covered by the provisions of this Agreement **and** by those of the specific agreement.
2. Each Contracting Party undertakes to ensure at all times that the commitments it has entered into vis-a-vis investors of the other Contracting Party shall be observed.

ARTICLE 10

Consultations and exchange of information

Upon request by either Contracting Party, the other Contracting Party shall agree promptly to consultations on the interpretation or application of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 11

Settlement of investment disputes between one Contracting Party and an investor of the other Contracting Party

1. Any investment dispute between an investor of one Contracting Party and the other Contracting Party shall be notified in writing by the first party to take action. The notification shall be accompanied by a sufficiently detailed memorandum.

As far as possible, the Parties shall endeavor to settle the dispute through negotiations, if necessary by seeking expert advice from a third party, or by conciliation between the Contracting Parties through diplomatic channels.

2. In the absence of an amicable settlement by direct agreement between the parties to the dispute or by conciliation through diplomatic channels within six months from the notification, the dispute shall be submitted, at the option of the investor, either to the competent jurisdiction of the State where the investment was made, or to international arbitration.

To this end ; each Contracting Party agrees in advance and irrevocably to the settlement of any dispute by this type of arbitration. Such consent implies that both Parties waive the right to demand that all domestic administrative or judiciary remedies be exhausted.

3. In case of international arbitration, the dispute shall be submitted for settlement by arbitration to one of the hereinafter mentioned organizations, at the option of the investor :

an ad hoc arbitral tribunal set up according to the arbitration rules laid down by the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (U.N.C.I.T.R.A.L.) ;

the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (I.C.S.I.D.). set up by the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States, opened for signature at Washington on march 18,1965 when each State Party to this Agreement has become a party to the said Convention ;

As long as this requirement is not met, each Contracting Party agrees that the dispute shall be submitted to arbitration pursuant to the Rules of the Additional Facility of the I.C.S.I.D.

the Arbitral Court of the International Chamber of Commerce in Paris ;

the Arbitration Institute of the Chamber of Commerce in Stockholm.

4. At any stage of the arbitration proceedings or of the execution of an arbitral award, none of the Contracting Parties involved in a dispute shall be entitled to raise as an objection the fact that the investor who is the opposing party in the dispute has received compensation totally or partly covering his losses pursuant to an insurance policy or to the guarantee provided for in Article 7 of this Agreement.
5. The arbitral tribunal shall decide on the basis of the national law, including the rules relating to conflicts of law, of the Contracting Party involved in the dispute in whose territory the investment has been made, as well as on the basis of the provisions of this Agreement, of the terms of the specific Agreement which may have been entered into regarding the investment, and of the principles of international law.
6. The arbitral awards shall be final and binding on the parties to the dispute. Each Contracting Party undertakes to execute the awards in accordance with its legislation.

ARTICLE 12

Disputes between the Contracting Parties relating to the interpretation or application of this Agreement

1. Any dispute relating to the interpretation or application of this Agreement shall be settled as far as possible through diplomatic channels.
2. In the absence of a settlement through diplomatic channels, the dispute shall be submitted to a joint commission consisting of representatives of the two Parties ; this commission shall convene without undue delay at the request of the first party to take action.
3. If the joint commission cannot settle the dispute within 6 months after its notification, the latter shall be submitted, at the request of either Contracting Party, to an arbitration court set up as follows for each individual case :

Each Contracting Party shall appoint one arbitrator within a period of two months from the date on which either Contracting Party has informed the other Party of its intention to submit the dispute to arbitration. Within a period of two months following their appointment, these two arbitrators shall appoint by mutual agreement a national of a third State as chairman of the arbitration court.

If these time limits have not been complied with, either Contracting Party shall request the President of the International Court of Justice to make the necessary appointment(s).

If the President of the International Court of Justice is a national of either Contracting Party of a State with which one of the Contracting Parties has no diplomatic relations or if, for any other reason, he cannot exercise this function, the Vice-President of the International Court of Justice shall be requested to make the appointment(s).

4. The court thus constituted shall determine its own rules of procedure. Its decisions shall be taken by a majority of the votes ; they shall be final and binding on the Contracting Parties.
5. Each Contracting Party shall bear the costs resulting from the appointment of its arbitrator. The expenses in connection with the appointment of the third arbitrator and the administrative costs of the court shall be borne equally by the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 13

Scope of application

1. This Agreement shall also apply to investments made before its entry into force by investors of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party in accordance with the latter's laws and regulations.
2. This Agreement will not apply to investment disputes which have occurred before its entry into force.

ARTICLE 14

Entry into force and duration

1. This Agreement shall enter into force one month after the date of exchange of the instruments of ratification by the Contracting Parties. The Agreement shall remain in force for a period of ten years.

Unless notice of termination is given by either Contracting Party at least six months before the expiry of its period of validity, this Agreement shall be tacitly extended each time for a further period of ten years, it being understood that each Contracting Party reserves the right to terminate the Agreement by notification given at least six months before the date of expiry of the current period of validity.

2. Investments made prior to the date of termination of this Agreement shall be covered by this Agreement for a period of ten years from the date of termination.

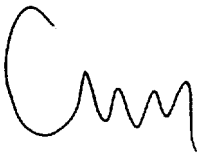
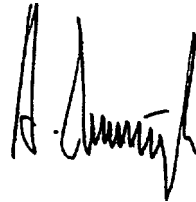
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned representatives, duly authorized thereto by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at Brussels, on the 17th February 1999, in two original copies, each in the English, Macedonian, French and Dutch languages, all texts being equally authentic. The text in the English language shall prevail in case of difference of interpretation.

FOR THE BELGO-LUXEMBURG
ECONOMIC UNION :

For the Belgian Government acting both in
its own name and in the
name of the Government of
the Grand-Duchy of Luxemburg :

FOR THE MACEDONIAN GOVERNMENT :



For the Walloon Government :



For the Flemish Government:

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large initial 'C' followed by several loops and a final vertical stroke.

**For the Government of the Region of
Brussels-Capital :**

A handwritten signature in black ink, identical to the one above, consisting of a large initial 'C' followed by several loops and a final vertical stroke.